Material Safety Data Sheet



1/10

Sulphur Dioxide/Inert gas Mixture

1. Product and company identification

Product name : Sulphur Dioxide/Inert gas Mixture

Synonym

Trade name : Sulphur Dioxide/Inert Gas Mixture

Material uses : Not available.

Manufacturer : Praxair Canada Inc.

1 City Centre Drive Suite 1200

Mississauga, ON L5B 1M2

MSDS # : E-6788-I

Validation date : October 15, 2013.

Print date : October 15, 2013.

In case of emergency : Emergencies: * 1-800-363-0042

*Call emergency numbers 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product. For routine information, contact your supplier or Praxair

sales representative.

Product type : Gas.

2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Ga

Odor : Chocking odour about 3 - 5 ppm (depending on concentration of sulphur dioxide in

mixture)

Emergency overview : DANGER!

Toxic, high pressure gas. May be fatal if inhaled. Symptoms may be delayed. Self-

contained breathing apparatus may be required by rescue workers.

Contains gas under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Avoid

breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Routes of entry : Absorbed through skin. Eye Contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

: Exposure to concentrations of sulfur dioxide above the Threshold Limit Value (TLV) of 2ppm may cause irritation of the eyes, nose, throat, sinuses, with chocking, coughing, and sometimes bronchoconstriction. Concentrations of 50 - 100 ppm are considered dangerous, and exposures to 400 - 500 ppm are immediately life threatening. Exposure to high concentrations may result in pulmanary edema and paralysis. Lack of oxygen

can cause death. This gas mixture can also be an asphyxiant.

Ingestion : An unlikely route of exposure. This product is a gas at normal temperature and

pressure. May cause burns of the mouth, oesophagus and stomach.

Skin : May cause irritation.

Eyes : Vapour may cause irritation and conjunctival inflammation. Liquid may cause corneal

burns and opacification with loss of vision.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : Chronic overexposure by inflammation may cause bronchitis with emphysema and

pulmonary function impairment. The pulmonary effect are increased in the presence of respirable particles. May cause respiratory irritation and some nosebleeds. Repeated skin exposure may cause dermatitis. Repeated exposure to low concentrations may

cause systematic acidosis.

Carcinogenicity : Class 2B (Possible for human), by IARC [Sulfur dioxide]. Calss A4 (Not classifiable for

human or animal), by ACGIH [Sulfur dioxide].

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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2. Hazards identification

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs

: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper

respiratory tract, skin, eyes.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.Skin: No specific data.Eyes: No specific data.

Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure

: Inhalation may aggravate asthma and inflammatory or fibrotic pulmanary disease. Because of its irritating properties, this material may aggravate an existing dermatitis.

See toxicological information (section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Canada</u>		
<u>Name</u>	CAS number	<u>%</u>
sulphur dioxide	7446-09-5	0.1 - 99.9
AND CONTAINS ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING GASES:		
argon	7440-37-1	0.01 - 99.9
helium	7440-59-7	0.01 - 99.9
krypton	7439-90-9	0.01 - 99.9
neon	7440-01-9	0.01 - 99.9
nitrogen	7727-37-9	0.01 - 99.9
xenon	7440-63-3	0.01 - 99.9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if

respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

immediately.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Contains Toxic gas under high pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.

Extinguishing media

Suitable : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable : None known.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Special exposure hazards

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special remarks on fire hazards

: Non-flammable, toxic corrosive gas. Container may rupture due to heat of fire. Vapoursare extremely irritating. Contact may cause burns to skin and eyes (See section six). Nopart of a container should be subjected to a temperature higher than 52 C. Mostcontainers are provided with a pressure relief device designed to vent contents whenthey are exposed to elevated temperatures.

Special remarks on explosion hazards

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

Large spill

- : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk.
- : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Protect cylinder from damage. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Open valve slowly. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close valve after each use; keep closed even when empty.

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.

OTHER HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS OF HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: Toxic, high-pressure gas. May be fatal if inhaled. Do not breathe gas. Do not get vapour in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Have safety showers and eyewash fountains immediately available. Use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand pressures to be encountered. Use only in a closed system. Store and use with adequate ventilation at all times. Close valve after each use; keep closed even when empty.

7. Handling and storage

Never work on a pressurized system. If there is a leak, close the cylinder valve. Vent the system down in a safe and environmentally sound manner in compliance with all federal, provincial and local laws; then repair the leak. **Never place a compressed gas cylinder where it may become part of an electrical circuit.**

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN STORAGE:

Store and use with adequate ventilation. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store only where temperature will not exceed 52°C/125°F. Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.

RECOMMENDED PUBLICATIONS:

Additional information on storage, handling, and use of this product is provided in NFPA 55: Standard for the Storage, Use, and Handling of Compressed and liquefied Gases in Portable Cylinders, published by the National Fire Protection Association.

See also Praxair publication P-14-153, Guidelines for Handling Gas Cylinders and Containers. Obtain from your local supplier.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)		STEL (15 mins)		Ceiling					
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
sulphur dioxide	US ACGIH 1/2009 AB 4/2009 BC 10/2009 ON 8/2008 QC 6/2008 Simple asphyxiant.	- 2 2 2 2	- 5.2 - 5.2 5.2	- - - -	0.25 5 5 5 5	- 13 - 10.4 13	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	-	[3]
argon helium neon nitrogen	Simple aspriyalant.										[2] [2] [2] [2]

[2]Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant] [3]Skin sensitization

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures

: No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Select in accordance with provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. Selection should be based on the current CSA standard Z94.4, "Selection, Care, and Use of Respirators." Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA.

Hands

: Neoprene gloves,

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eyes

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure

controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Other protection

: Metatarsal shoes for cylinder handling. Protective clothing where needed. Cuffless trousers should be worn outside the shoes. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas.

Flash point : Burning time : Burning rate :

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Flammable limits : Not available.

Color : Colourless

Odor : Chocking odour about 3 - 5 ppm (depending on concentration of sulphur dioxide in

mixture)

Taste : Not available.

Molecular weight : Not applicable.

Molecular formula : Not applicable.

pH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : Not available.

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Critical temperature : Not available.

Relative density : Not available.

Relative density Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density Not available. Volatility Not available. **Odor threshold** Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. : Not available. **Viscosity lonicity (in water)** Not available. **Dispersibility properties** : Not available. **Solubility** Not available. Not available.

Physical/chemical properties comments

COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL

DISTRIBUTION:

. Not available.

Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid

: No specific data.

Materials to avoid

Oxidizing and reduced agents, chlorine trifluoride, chlorates, sodium carbide, powered aluminium, moisture, zinc and its alloys, manganese, alkali metals, metal nitrates, ribidium carbide, sodium, ferrous oxide at 300 C, fluorine, stannous oxide, metal acetylides, metal oxides, metal hydrides, and acrolein.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Toxicological information 11.

Acute toxicity

Exposure Product/ingredient name Result **Species Dose** sulphur dioxide

LC50 Inhalation Rat 2520 ppm 1 hours

Gas.

LC50 Inhalation 1 hours Rat 2520 ppm

Gas.

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result **Species Dose Exposure**

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name **Species** Observation Result Score **Exposure**

Not available.

Sensitizer

Product/ingredient name Route of **Species** Result

exposure

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name Result **Species Dose Exposure**

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Classification

ACGIH IARC NIOSH OSHA Product/ingredient name **EPA** NTP

sulphur dioxide Α4 3

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name **Test Experiment** Result

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name **Species Dose Exposure** Result

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name **Development Species** Maternal **Fertility Dose Exposure**

> toxicity toxin

Not available.

C - SD /Inert Gas Mixture E-6788-H

Toxicological information 11.

Conclusion/Summary Not available. Synergistic products : Not available.

Ecological information

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Ecotoxicity**

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name Test Result **Species Exposure**

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name Test Result Dose Inoculum

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Octanol/water partition : Not available. coefficient

Bioconcentration factor : Not available. **Mobility** : Not available. Toxicity of the products of

biodegradation

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Disposal considerations

Waste disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty

containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the

supplier.

: Not available. **Waste stream** : Not available. RCRA classification

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Transport information 14.

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	sulphur dioxide content is > or = 50.4%) or UN1956 (when	Compressed gas, toxic, n.o.s.(sulphur dioxide) when sulphur dioxide content is > or = 50.4% or Compressed gas, n.o.s. (name of the most important inert gas component) when the sulphur dioxide content is < 50.4%.		-		PRODUCT REPORTABLE QUANTITY (PRQ): Any accidental release in a quantity that could pose a danger to public safety or any sustained release of 10 minutes or more.

SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION:

Transport information

Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well-ventilated vehicle. Cylinders transported in an enclosed, nonventilated compartment of vehicle can present serious safety hazards.

Regulatory information

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

: All components are listed or exempted.

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class A: Compressed gas. Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class E: Corrosive material

Canadian lists

: CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Sulphur dioxide

Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.

Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Sulphur dioxide Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

International lists

: Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule I

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule

II Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule

III Chemicals

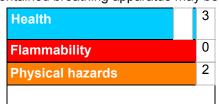
: Not listed

Other information **16.**

Label requirements

: Toxic, high pressure gas. May be fatal if inhaled. Symptoms may be delayed. Selfcontained breathing apparatus may be required by rescue workers.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Other information 16.

: AV-1 Safe Handling and Storage of Compressed Gas References

Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers P-1

P-14 Accident Prevention in Oxygen-Rich, Oxygen-Deficient Atmosphere

SB-2 Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres

V-1 Compressed Gas Cylinder Valve Inlet and Outlet Connections

V-7 Standard Method of Determining Cylinder Valve Outlet Connections for Industrial

Gas Mixtures

Handbook of Compressed Gases, Fifth Edition

Other special

: Not available.

considerations

: 10/15/2013. Date of printing **Date of issue** : 10/15/2013.

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : 0.07

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot quarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

STANDARD VALVE CONNECTIONS FOR U.S. AND CANADA:

THREADED: For information on CGA

Valves, please contact your

Specialty Gas Representative.

PIN-INDEXED YOKE: Not applicable. **ULTRA-HIGH-**Not applicable.

INTEGRITY **CONNECTION:**

Use the proper CGA connections. **DO NOT USE ADAPTERS.** Additional limited-standard connections may apply. See CGA pamphlets V-1 and V-7 listed below.

Ask your supplier about free Praxair safety literature as referred to in this MSDS and on the label for this product. Further information about this product can be found in the following pamphlets published by the Compressed Gas Association, Inc. (CGA), 4221 Walney Road, 5th Floor, Chantilly, VA 20151-2923, Telephone (703) 788-2700, Fax (703) 961-1831, website: www.cganet.com.

MIXTURES:

When two or more gases, or liquefied gases are mixed, their hazardous properties may combine to create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an Industrial Hygienist, or other trained person when you make your safety evaluation of the end product. Remember, gases and liquids have properties which can cause serious injury or death.

For more in-depth information for each component, refer to the pure product MSDS.

The information contained in this MSDS is generated from technical sources using the Chemmate Mixture MSDS system and the pure-product MSDS for each component. These mixtures are not tested as a whole for chemical, physical, or health effects.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair Canada Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use of the product are not within the control of Praxair Canada Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

16. Other information

Praxair Canada Inc. requests the users of this product to study this Material Data Sheet (MSDS) and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify its employees, agents and contractors of the information on this MSDS and any product hazards and safety nformation, (2) furnish this same information to each of its customers for the product, and (3) request such customers to notify their employees and customers for the product of the same product hazards and safety information.

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