Praxair Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification				
Product Name:	Carbon Dioxide/Oxygen/Inert Gas Mixture	Trade Name:	Stargon, Stargon-HiDep, Stargon C-320	
Product Use:	Many.			
Chemical Name:	: Carbon Dioxide/Oxygen/Inert Gas Synony			
			Not applicable.	
Chemical Formula: Not applicable.		Chemical Family: Not applicable.		
Telephone:	Emergencies: * 1-800-363-0042	Supplier /Manufacture: Phone:	Praxair Canada Inc. 1 City Centre Drive Suite 1200 Mississauga, ON L5B 1M2 905-803-1600	
		Fax:	905-803-1682	

*Call emergency numbers 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product. For routine information, contact your supplier or Praxair sales representative.

2. Composition and Information on Ingredients					
INGREDIENTS	% (VOL)	CAS NUMBER	LD ₅₀ (Species & Routes)	LC50 (Rat, 4 hrs.)	TLV-TWA (ACGIH)
Oxygen	<23.5	7782-44-7	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Carbon dioxide	0.1 - 99.99	124-38-9	Not available.	Not available.	5000 ppm
AND CONTAINS ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING GASES:					
Argon	76.4 - 99.9	7440-37-1	Not available.	Not available.	Simple asphyxiant.
Helium	76.4 - 99.9	7440-59-7	Not available.	Not available.	Simple asphyxiant.
Krypton	76.4 - 99.9	7439-90-9	Not available.	Not available.	Simple Asphyxiant.
Neon	76.4 - 99.9	7440-01-9	Not available.	Not available.	Simple asphyxiant.
Nitrogen	76.4 - 99.9	7727-37-9	Not available.	Not available.	Simple asphyxiant.
Xenon	76.4 - 99.9	7440-63-3	Not available.	Not available.	Simple Asphyxiant.

3. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

WARNING! High-pressure gas. Can cause rapid suffocation. May cause dizziness and drowsiness. Self-contained breathing apparatus may be required by rescue workers.

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Inhalation.

EFFECTS OF A SINGLE (ACUTE) OVEREXPOSURE:

INHALATION:	Asphyxiant. Effects are due to lack of oxygen. Moderate concentrations may cause headaches, drowsiness, dizziness, excitation, excess salivation, vomiting, and unconciousness. Lack of oxygen can kill.
SKIN CONTACT:	No evidence of adverse effects from available information.
SKIN ABSORPTION:	No evidence of adverse effects from available information.
SWALLOWING:	This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure.
EYE CONTACT:	No evidence of adverse effects from available information.

EFFECTS OF REPEATED (CHRONIC) OVEREXPOSURE:

No evidence of adverse effects from available information.

OTHER EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

Damage to retinal ganglion cells and central nervous system may occur.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVEREXPOSURE:

A knowledge of the available toxicology information and of the physical and chemical properties of the material suggests that overexposure is unlikely to aggravate existing medical conditions.

SIGNIFICANT LABORATORY DATA WITH POSSIBLE RELEVANCE TO HUMAN HEALTH HAZARD EVALUATION:

On published study has reported an increased incidence of cardiac malformations in offspring of female rats exposed for a single 24-hour interval to 6% carbon dioxide. Although the study suffers from design and reporting flaws, the results may still be considered significant. There is no information available to confirm or refute the effects reported. The relevance of this information to humans is unknown.

CARCINOGENICITY:

Not listed as carcinogen by OSHA, NTP or IARC.

4. First Aid Measures

INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artifical respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.

SKIN CONTACT:

No emergency care anticipated.

SWALLOWING:

This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure.

EYE CONTACT:

No emergency care anticipated. **NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:**

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There is no specific antidote. Treatment of over-exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition.

5. Fire Fighting Measures				
FLAMMABLE :	No.	IF YES, UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS?	Not applicable.	
			AUTOIGNITION Not applicable.	
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR, % by volume:LOWER:Not applica		LOWER: Not applicable.	UPPER: Not applicable.	

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

This mixture cannot catch fire. Use media appropriate for surrounding fire.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

WARNING Evacuate all personnel to a safe distance. Immediately deluge containers with water spray from maximum distance until cool, them move containers away from fire area if without risk.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:

Oxidizing agent, vigorously accelerate combustion. Contact with flammable materials may cause fire or explosion. Container may rupture due to heat of fire. Vapours are extremely irritating. Contact may cause burns to skin and eyes. No part of a container should be subjected to a temperature higher than 52 C. Most containers are provided with a pressure relief device designed to vent contents when they are exposed to elevated temperature. Smoking, flames and electric sparks in the presence of enriched oxygen atmospheres are potential explosion hazards.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

None.

SENSITIVITY TO IMPACT:

Avoid impact against container.

SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE:

Not applicable.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

WARNING! High-pressure gas. Evacuate all personnel from danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus where needed. Shut off flow if you can do so without risk. Ventilate area or move cylinder to a well-ventilated area. Test for sufficient oxygen, especially in confined spaces, before allowing reentry.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Keep personnel away. Discard any product, residue, disposable container, or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner, in full compliance with federal, provincial, and local regulations. If necessary, call your local supplier for assistance.

7. Handling and Storage

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN STORAGE:

Store and use with adequate ventilation. Separate flammable cylinders from oxygen, chlorine, and other oxidizers by at least 6 m or use a barricade of non-combustible material. This barricade should be at least 1.5 m high and have a fire resistance rating of at least ½ hour. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Post "No Smoking or Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. All electrical equipment in storage areas must be explosion-proof. Storage areas must meet national electric codes for Class 1 hazardous areas. Store only where temperature will not exceed 52 C. Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING:

Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Open valve slowly. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. For other precautions, see Section 16.

For additional information on stroage and handling, refer to Compressed Gas Association (CGA) pamphlet P-1, *Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers*, available from the CGA. Refer to Section 16 for the address and phone number along with a list of other available publications.

OTHER HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS OF HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE:

High pressure gas. Use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand pressures to be encountered. Gas can cause rapid suffocation due to oxygen deficiency. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Close valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Prevent reverse flow. Reverse flow into cylinder may cause rupture. Use a check valve or other protective device in any line or piping from the cylinder. When returning cylinder to supplier, be sure valve is closed, then install valve outlet plug tightly. Never work on pressurized system. If there is a leak, close the cylinder valve. Vent the system down in a safe and environmentally sound manner in compliance with all federal, provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a compressed gas cylinder where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

VENTILATION/ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

LOCAL EXHAUST:	Use enough ventilation, local exhaust or both, to keep the fumes and gases below TLV's in the worker's breathing zone and the general area. Train the worker to keep his head out of the fumes.
MECHANICAL (general):	ALWAYS WORK WITH ENOUGH VENTILATION.
SPECIAL:	Avoid using electric arcs in the presence of chlorinated hydrocarbon vapours – highly toxic phosgene residues (anti-rust, cleaning preparations) – a highly toxic phosphine may be produced.
OTHER:	Depends on specific use conditions, and location. Use adequate ventilation or personal respiratory protection.
PERSONAL PROTECTION:	

Carbon Dioxide/Oxygen/Inert Gas Mixture

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: For concentrations up to 10 times the applicable exposure limit any NIOSH/MSHA approved supplied air respirator is recommended. Up to 50 times the TLV, a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator with a full-face piece or self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended. For higher concentration us only self-contained breathing apparatus operated in the pressure demand mode.. Selection should also be based on the current CSA standard Z94.4, "Selection, Care and Use of Respirators". Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA.

SKIN PROTECTION: Preferred for cylinder handling.

EYE PROTECTION: Wear safety glasses when handling cylinders.

Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Metatarsal shoes for cylinder handling. Protective clothing where needed. Cuffless trousers should be worn outside the shoes. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

	9.	Physical and C	hemical Prope	rties	
PHYSICAL STATE:	Gas.	FREEZING POINT:	Not available.	pH:	Not available.
Boiling Point	Not available.	VAPOUR PRESSURE	Not applicable.	MOLECULAR WEIGHT:	Not applicable.
SPECIFIC GRAVITY: LIQUID (Water = 1)	Not available.	SOLUBILITY IN WATER,	Not available.		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY: VAPOUR (air = 1)	Not available.	EVAPORATION RATE (Butyl Acetate=1):	Not available.	COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION:	Not applicable.
VAPOUR DENSITY:	Not available.	% VOLATILES BY VOLUME:	Not available.	ODOUR THRESHOLD:	Not available.
APPEARANCE & OD	OUR: Colourless gas at normal temperature and pressure.	Odourless.			
		10. Stability a	nd Reactivity		
STABILITY:			-	The product is stable.	
CONDITIONS OF CHEMICAL INSTABILITY:				None currently known.	

INCOMPATIBILITY (materials to avoid):

Titanium burn in carbon dioxide above 550 C. Magnesium burns in carbon dioxide above 775 C.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

The arc may form such products of gaseous reaction as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Radiation from the arc may form ozone and nitrogen oxides. (See Section 16.) Other decomposition products of normal operation originate from volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the material being worked.

Will not occur.

None currently known.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY:

11. Toxicological Information

See section 3.

Carbon dioxide is an asphyxiant. It initially stimulates respiration and then causes respiratory depression. High concentrations result in narcosis. Symptoms in humans are as follows:

EFFECTS:	<u>CO</u> 2 CONCENTRATION:
Breathing rate increases slightly.	1%
Breathing rate increases to 50% above normal level. Prolonged exposure can cause headache, tiredness.	2%
Breathing increases to twice normal rate and become labored. Weak narcotic effect. Impaired hearing, headache, increased blood pressure and pulse rate.	3%
Breathing increases to approximately four times normal rate, symptoms of intoxication become evident, and slight choking may be felt.	4 - 5%
Characteristic sharp odor noticeable. Very labored breathing, headache, visual impairment, and ringing in the ears. Judgment may be impaired, followed within minutes by loss of consciousness.	5 - 10%
	50 - 100%
Unconsciousness occurs more rapidly above 10% level. Prolonged exposure to high concentrations may eventually result in death from asphyxiation.	

12. Ecological Information

No adverse ecological effects expected. This product does not contain any Class I or Class II ozone-depleting chemicals. The components of this mixture are not listed as marine pollutants by TDG Regulations.

13. Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return cylinder to supplier.

14. Transport Information

		-	
	npressed gases n.o.s. (for a rbon dioxide" otherwise, indi		oxide between 0.5% - 99.9999%, indicate t component)
HAZARD CLASS 2.2 non-flam CLASS: non-corrosive and r gas.		ON UN1956	PRODUCT REPORTABLE QUANTITY (PRQ): Any accidental release in a quantity that could pose a danger to public safety or any sustained release of 10 minutes or more

Product Name:	Carbon Dioxide/0 Mixture	MSDS# E-6790-H Dxygen/Inert Gas	Date: Oct. 15, 2013
SHIPPING LAB	EL(s):	Non-flammable, non-corrosive and non-toxic gas	
PLACARD (when required):	n	Non-flammable, non-corrosive and non-toxic gas	

SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION:

Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well-ventilated vehicle. Cylinders transported in an enclosed, non-ventilated compartment of a vehicle can present serious safety hazards.

15. Regulatory Information

The following selected regulatory requirements may apply to this product. Not all such requirements are identified. Users of this product are solely responsible for compliance with all applicable federal, provincial, and local regulations.

DSL (Canada)	This product is on the DSL list
WHMIS (Canada)	CLASS A: Compressed gas.

International Regulations

EINECS	Not available.
DSCL (EEC)	R8- Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

International Lists No products were found.

16. Other Information

MIXTURES:

When two or more gases, or liquefied gases are mixed, their hazardous properties may combine to create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an Industrial Hygienist, or other trained person when you make your safety evaluation of the end product. Remember, gases and liquids have properties which can cause serious injury or death.

HAZARD RATING SYSTEM:

HMIS RATINGS:

HEALTH 0

FLAMMABILITY 0

PHYSICAL HAZARD 2

STANDARD VALVE CONNECTIONS FOR U.S. AND CANADA:

THREADED:	CGA-590
PIN-INDEXED YOKE:	Not available.
ULTRA-HIGH-INTEGRITY CONNECTION:	Not available.

Use the proper CGA connections. **DO NOT USE ADAPTERS.** Additional limited-standard connections may apply. See CGA pamphlets V-1 and V-7 listed below.

Ask your supplier about free Praxair safety literature as referred to in this MSDS and on the label for this product. Further information about this product can be found in the following pamphlets published by the Compressed Gas Association, Inc. (CGA), 4221 Walney Road, 5th Floor, Chantilly, VA 20151-2923, Telephone (703) 788-2700, Fax (703) 961-1831, website: www.cganet.com.

Product Name:	Carbon
	Dioxide/Oxygen/Inert Gas
	Mixture

- AV-1 Safe Handling and Storage of Compressed Gas
- P-1 Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers
- P-14 Accident Prevention in Oxygen-Rich, Oxygen-Deficient Atmosphere
- SB-2 Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres
- V-1 Compressed Gas Cylinder Valve Inlet and Outlet Connections
- V-7 Standard Method of Determining Cylinder Valve Outlet Connections for Industrial Gas Mixtures
- --- Handbook of Compressed Gases, Fifth Edition

For more indepth information for each component, refer to the pure product MSDS.

The information contained in this MSDS is generated from technical sources using the Chemmate Mixture MSDS system and the pure-product MSDS for each component. These mixtures are not tested as a whole for chemical, physical, or health effects.

PREPARATION INFORMATION:

DATE:	October 15, 2013
DEPARTMENT:	Safety and Environmental Services
TELEPHONE:	905-803-1600

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair Canada Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use of the product are not within the control of Praxair Canada Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Praxair Canada Inc. requests the users of this product to study this Material Data Sheet (MSDS) and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify its employees, agents and contractors of the information on this MSDS and any product hazards and safety nformation, (2) furnish this same information to each of its customers for the product, and (3) request such customers to notify their employees and customers for the product hazards and safety information.

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