Product Name: Methyl Chloride MSDS# E-4622-M Date: Oct. 15, 2013

Praxair Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification			
Methyl Chloride Many.	Trade Name:	Methyl Chloride	
Methyl chloride	Synonym:	Artic, chloromethane, monochloromethane	
Chemical Formula: CH ₃ Cl		Chemical Family: Haloalkanes	
Emergencies: * 1-800-363-	/Manufacture:	Praxair Canada Inc. 1 City Centre Drive Suite 1200 Mississauga, ON L5B 1M2 905-803-1600 905-803-1682	
	Methyl Chloride Many. Methyl chloride CH ₃ Cl	Methyl Chloride Many. Methyl chloride Synonym: CH ₃ Cl Chemical Famil Emergencies: * 1-800-363-0042 Supplier //Manufacture:	

^{*}Call emergency numbers 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product. For routine information, contact your supplier or Praxair sales representative.

2. Composition and Information on Ingredients					
INGREDIENTS	% (VOL)	CAS NUMBER	LD ₅₀ (Species & Routes)	LC ₅₀ (Rat, 4 hrs.)	TLV-TWA (ACGIH)
Methyl chloride	100	74-87-3	Not applicable.	4150 ppm	50 ppm

3. Hazards Identification



Emergency Overview



DANGER!

Flammable liquid and gas under pressure. May form explosive mixtures with air. May cause lung, liver, kidney, and nervous system. May irritate eyes, skin, and mucous membranes. May cause frostbite. Self-contained breathing apparatus must be worrn by rescue workers.

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Inhalation. Swallowing. Skin absorption. Skin contact. Eye contact.

EFFECTS OF A SINGLE (ACUTE) OVEREXPOSURE:

INHALATION:

Effects may mimic alcohol intoxication. Causes headache, dizziness, drowsiness, tremors, blurred vision, weakness, uncoordination, mental confusion, slurred speech, fever, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and loss of felling in arms and legs. Onset of symptoms may be delayed hours or days. May cause liver, kidney and central nervous system damage with paralysis, convulsions, coma, brain damage and psychological disturbances. STEL: 100 ppm (ACGIH, OSHA).

SKIN CONTACT: Liquid may cause local anethesia (loss of sensation) and frostbite with reddening and

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blister formation.

SKIN ABSORPTION:	Prolonged or widespread skin contact with the liquid may result in the absorption of harmful amounts of material.
SWALLOWING:	An unlikely route of exposure, but frostbite of the lips and mouth may result from contact with the liquid. This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure.
EYE CONTACT:	Exposure to liquid may cause freezing.

EFFECTS OF REPEATED (CHRONIC) OVEREXPOSURE:

Repeated inhalation causes injury and symptoms similar to those following acute exposure, bur slower in onset and with delayed recovery. Damage may be cumulative.

OTHER EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

None known.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVEREXPOSURE:

A knowledge of the available toxicology information and of the physical and chemical properties of the material suggests that overexposure is unlikely to aggravate existing medical conditions.

SIGNIFICANT LABORATORY DATA WITH POSSIBLE RELEVANCE TO HUMAN HEALTH HAZARD EVALUATION:

Has been found to cause cancer, genetic defects, birth defects and testicular damage in laboratory animals. Has been found to be mutagenic in bacteria and human cells in culture.

CARCINOGENICITY:

Classified + (Proven.) by NIOSH. A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH, 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC.

4. First Aid Measures

INHALATION:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention. Keep patient warm.

SKIN CONTACT:

For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 41°C. In case of massive exposure, remove contaminated clothing while showering with warm water. Call a physician.

SWALLOWING:

This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure.

EYE CONTACT:

For contact with the liquid, immediately flush eyes throughly with warm water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. See a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist, immediately.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:

The onset of neurologic and behavioral effects of acute and long-term poisoning is generally insidious. There is not specific antidote and treatment should be directed to the control of symptoms and the clinical condition. Use of sympathomimetics is contraindicated because of the risk of myocardial sensitization.

5. Fire Fighting Measures				
FLAMMABLE:	Yes.	IF YES, UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS?	Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.	
FLASH POINT (test method)	, , , ,		AUTOIGNITION 632°C (1169.6°F) TEMPERATURE	
FLAMMABLE LI IN AIR, % by vol		LOWER: 8.1	UPPER: 19	

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EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

CO2, dry chemical, water spray or fog.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

DANGER! Evacuate all personnel from danger area. Immediately cool cylinders with water spray from maximum distance taking care not to extinguish flames. Remove ignition source if without risk. If flames are accidentally extinguished. Explosive re-ignition may occur; therefore, appropriate measures should be taken; e.g., total evacuation. Reapproach with extreme caution. Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Stop flow of gas if without risk while continuing cooling water spray. Remove all containers from area if without risk. Allow fire to burn out.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:

Flammable gas. Toxic vapour does not provide adequate warning of its presence. Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents. Container may rupture due to heat of fire. Do not extinguish flames due to possibility of explosive re-ignition. Vapours form from this product and may travel or be moved by air currents an ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharges, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering area, especially confined areas, check atmosphere with approved device. No part of a container should be subjected to temperature higher than 52 C). Most containers are provided with a pressure relief device designed to vent contents when they are exposed to elevated temperature.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2), halogenated compounds.

SENSITIVITY TO IMPACT:

Avoid impact against container.

SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE:

Possible, ground all equipment before use.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

DANGER!

DANGER: Forms explosive mixtures with air. Immediately evacuate all personnel from danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus operated in the pressure demand mode and appropriate protective clothing. Remove all sources of ignition if without risk. Reduce vapours with fog or fine water spray. Shut off leak if without risk. Ventilate area of leak or move leaking container to well ventilated area. Flammable vapours may spread from spill. Before entering area, especially confined areas, check atmosphere with appropriate device.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Keep personnel away. Discard any product, residue, disposable container, or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner, in full compliance with federal, provincial, and local regulations. If necessary, call your local supplier for assistance.

7. Handling and Storage

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN STORAGE:

Store and use with adequate ventilation. Separate flammable cylinders from oxygen, chlorine, and other oxidizers by at least 6 m or use a barricade of non-combustible material. This barricade should be at least 1.5 m high and have a fire resistance rating of at least ½ hour. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Post "No Smoking or Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. All electrical equipment in storage areas must be explosion-proof. Storage areas must meet national electric codes for Class 1 hazardous areas. Store only where temperature will not exceed 52 C. Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING:

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Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Open valve slowly. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. For other precautions, see Section 16.

For additional information on stroage and handling, refer to Compressed Gas Association (CGA) pamphlet P-1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers, available from the CGA. Refer to Section 16 for the address and phone number along with a list of other available publications.

OTHER HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS OF HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE:

Toxic, flammable high-pressure gas. May be fatal if inhaled. Do not breathe gas. Use only in a closed system. Use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand pressures to be encountered. Use only spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. May form explosive mixtures with air. Ground all equipment. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Close valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Prevent reverse flow. Reverse flow into cylinder may cause rupture. Use a check valve or other protective device in any line or piping from the cylinder. When returning cylinder to supplier, be sure valve is closed, then install valve outlet plug tightly. Never work on a pressurized system. If there is a leak, close the cylinder valve. Vent the system down in a safe and environmentally sound manner in compliance with all federal, provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a compressed gas cylinder where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

VENTILATION/ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

LOCAL EXHAUST: An explosion-proof local exhaust system is acceptable. See SPECIAL.

MECHANICAL (general): Inadequate.

See SPECIAL.

SPECIAL: Use only in a closed system. Use local exhaust ventilation to

maintain exposure below the applicable limits.

OTHER: See SPECIAL.

PERSONAL PROTECTION:

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Select in accordance with the provincial regulations or guidelines. Selection should also be based on the current CSA standards Z94.4, "Selection, care and use of respirators". Respirators should be approved by NIOSH and MSHA.

> For concentrations up to 10 times the applicable exposure limit any NIOSH/MSHA approved supplied air respirator is recommended. Up to 100 times the TLV, a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator with a full-face piece or self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended. For higher concentration us only self-contained breathing apparatus operated in the pressure demand mode.

SKIN PROTECTION: Neoprene gloves.

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EYE PROTECTION: Wear safety glasses when handling cylinders.

Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Metatarsal shoes for cylinder handling. Protective clothing where needed. Cuffless trousers should be worn outside the shoes. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195. "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties					
PHYSICAL STATE:	Gas. (Compressed Gas.)	FREEZING POINT:	-97.6°C (-143.7°F)	pH:	Not applicable.
BOILING POINT	-24.2°C (-11.6°F)	VAPOUR PRESSURE	506 kPa (@ 20°C)	MOLECULAR WEIGHT:	50.488 g/mole
SPECIFIC GRAVITY: LIQUID (Water = 1)	0.92 @ 20 C	SOLUBILITY IN WATER,	Slight.		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY: VAPOUR (air = 1)	1.74 @ 0 C	EVAPORATION RATE (Butyl Acetate=1):	>1 compared to (Butyl Acetate = 1)	COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION:	Not applicable.
VAPOUR DENSITY:	0.00213 g/ml @ 25 C	% VOLATILES BY VOLUME:	100% (v/v).	ODOUR THRESHOLD:	Not available.
APPEARANCE & OD	OUR: Colourless.	Odour: Faintl	y sweet (Slight.)	,	
		10 Stability o	and Reactivity		

Colouriess. Cuodi. 1 aintiy	(3)		
10. Stability and Reactivity			
STABILITY:	The product is stable.		
CONDITIONS OF CHEMICAL INSTABILITY:	Avoid elevated temperatures (> 400 C).		
INCOMPATIBILITY (materials to avoid):	Oxidizing agents, aluminum, zinc, magnesium and their alloys, potassium, sodium, aluminum trichloride, ethylene, moisture, rubber.		
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	Thermal decomposition or burning may produce carbon monoxide/carbon dioxide/chlorine/hydrogen chloride and highly toxic fumes of chlorides. In addition, low concentrations of phosgene may be produced		
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	Will not occur.		
CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY:	None known.		

11. Toxicological Information

See section 3.

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12. Ecological Information

No adverse ecological effects expected. This product does not contain any Class I or Class II ozone-depleting chemicals. The components of this mixture are not listed as marine pollutants by TDG Regulations.

13. Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL

Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return cylinder to supplier.

METHOD:

14. Transport Information

TDG/IMO SHIPPING

Methyl Chloride

NAME:

HAZARD CLASS:

IDENTIFICATION

CLASS 2.1:

Flammable gas.

UN1063

PRODUCT REPORTABLE QUANTITY (PRQ): Any accidental release in a

quantity that could pose a danger to public safety or any sustained release of 10 minutes or more

SHIPPING LABEL(s):

Flammable gas

PLACARD (when

Flammable gas

required):

SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION:

Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well-ventilated vehicle. Cylinders transported in an enclosed, non-ventilated compartment of a vehicle can present serious safety hazards.

15. Regulatory Information

The following selected regulatory requirements may apply to this product. Not all such requirements are identified. Users of this product are solely responsible for compliance with all applicable federal, provincial, and local regulations.

DSL (Canada) This product is on the DSL list WHMIS (Canada)

Class A: Compressed gas.

Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects.

International Regulations

EINECS Not available.

R20- Harmful by inhalation. DSCL (EEC)

R45- May cause cancer.

International Lists No products were found.

16. Other Information

MIXTURES:

When two or more gases, or liquefied gases are mixed, their hazardous properties may combine to create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an Industrial Hygienist, or other trained person when you make your safety evaluation of the end product. Remember, gases and liquids have properties which can cause serious injury or death.

HAZARD RATING SYSTEM:

HMIS RATINGS:

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HEALTH 2*
FLAMMABILITY 4
PHYSICAL HAZARD 2

*An Asterisk used in conjuction whith HMIS health hazards ratings designates a carcinogenic or reproductive hazard.

STANDARD VALVE CONNECTIONS FOR U.S. AND CANADA:

THREADED: CGA-510, CGA-660 (limited standard)

PIN-INDEXED YOKE: Not available.

ULTRA-HIGH-INTEGRITY Not available.

CONNECTION:

Use the proper CGA connections. **DO NOT USE ADAPTERS.** Additional limited-standard connections may apply. See CGA pamphlets V-1 and V-7 listed below.

Ask your supplier about free Praxair safety literature as referred to in this MSDS and on the label for this product. Further information about this product can be found in the following pamphlets published by the Compressed Gas Association, Inc. (CGA), 4221 Walney Road, 5th Floor, Chantilly, VA 20151-2923, Telephone (703) 788-2700, Fax (703) 961-1831, website: www.cganet.com.

AV-1 Safe Handling and Storage of Compressed Gas

P-1 Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers

P-14 Accident Prevention in Oxygen-Rich, Oxygen-Deficient Atmosphere

SB-2 Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres

V-1 Compressed Gas Cylinder Valve Inlet and Outlet Connections

V-7 Standard Method of Determining Cylinder Valve Outlet Connections for Industrial Gas Mixtures

--- Handbook of Compressed Gases, FifthEdition

PREPARATION INFORMATION:

DATE: October 15, 2013

DEPARTMENT: Safety and Environmental Services

TELEPHONE: 905-803-1600

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair Canada Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use of the product are not within the control of Praxair Canada Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Praxair Canada Inc. requests the users of this product to study this Material Data Sheet (MSDS) and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify its employees, agents and contractors of the information on this MSDS and any product hazards and safety nformation, (2) furnish this same information to each of its customers for the product, and (3) request such customers to notify their employees and customers for the product of the same product hazards and safety information.

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