Product Name: Lung Diffusion Mixtures MSDS# E-4863-G Date: Oct. 15, 2013

(with Acetylene)

# **Praxair Material Safety Data Sheet**

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification					
Product Name: Product Use:	Lung Diffusion Mixtures  Medical  Lung Diffusion Mixtures		Trade Name:	Lung Diffusion Mixtures	
Chemical Name:			Synonym:  Not applicable.		
Chemical Formula: Mixtures of CO-Ne-C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -O <sub>2</sub> -N <sub>2</sub> -He		Chemical Family: Not applicable.			
Telephone:	Emergencies:	* 1-800-363-0042	Supplier /Manufacture: Phone:	Praxair Canada Inc. 1 City Centre Drive Suite 1200 Mississauga, ON L5B 1M2 905-803-1600	
			Fax:	905-803-1682	

<sup>\*</sup>Call emergency numbers 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product. For routine information, contact your supplier or Praxair sales representative.

# 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

INGREDIENTS	% (VOL)	CAS NUMBER	LD <sub>50</sub> (Species & Routes)	LC <sub>50</sub> (Rat, 4 hrs.)	TLV-TWA (ACGIH)
Carbon monoxide	0.001-0.4	630-08-0	Not available.	1807 ppm	25 ppm
Neon	0.001-2	7440-01-9	Not available.	Not available.	Simple asphyxiant.
Acetylene	0.001-1	74-86-2	Not available.	Not available.	Simple asphyxiant.
Oxygen	0.001-23.4999	7782-44-7	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Helium	0.001-15	7440-59-7	Not available.	Not available.	Simple asphyxiant.
Nitrogen	58.1-99.999	7727-37-9	Not available.	Not available.	Simple asphyxiant.

### 3. Hazards Identification

# **Emergency Overview**

WARNING! High-pressure gas. Can cause rapid suffocation. May cause dizziness and drowsiness. Self-contained breathing apparatus may be required by rescue workers.

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Inhalation.

**EFFECTS OF A SINGLE (ACUTE) OVEREXPOSURE:** 

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INHALATION:	Breathing 80% or more oxygen at atmospheric pressure for more than a few hours may cause nasal stuffiness, cough, sore throat, chest pain and breathing difficulty. Breathing oxygen at higher pressure increases the likelihood of adverse effects within a shorter time period. Breathing pure oxygen under pressure may cause lung damage and also central nervous system effects resulting in dizziness, poor co-ordination, tingling sensation, visual and hearing disturbances, muscular twitching, unconsciousness and convulsions.
SKIN CONTACT:	Irritation of the product in case of skin contact: Not available. Sensitization of the product: Not available. Prolonged exposure may result in skin burns and ulcerations.
SKIN ABSORPTION:	No evidence of adverse effects from available information.
SWALLOWING:	No evidence of adverse effects from available information.
EYE CONTACT:	No evidence of adverse effects from available information.

### **EFFECTS OF REPEATED (CHRONIC) OVEREXPOSURE:**

Not available.

#### OTHER EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

WARNING: Administration of lung diffusion mixtures may be hazardous or contraindicated. For use only by or under the supervision of a licensed practitioner who is experienced in the use and administration of lung diffusion mixtures, and is familiar with the indications, effects, dosages methods and frequency and duration of administration, and with the hazards, contraindications, and the side effects and the precautions to be taken.

### **MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVEREXPOSURE:**

See "Notes to Physician" in the "First Aid" Section.

### SIGNIFICANT LABORATORY DATA WITH POSSIBLE RELEVANCE TO HUMAN HEALTH HAZARD EVALUATION:

None currently known.

### **CARCINOGENICITY:**

Not listed as carcinogen by OSHA, NTP or IARC.

### 4. First Aid Measures

#### **INHALATION:**

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artifical respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.

#### **SKIN CONTACT:**

No emergency care anticipated.

### **SWALLOWING:**

This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure.

#### **EYE CONTACT:**

No emergency care anticipated.

#### **NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:**

Supportive treatment should include immediate sedation, anticonvulsive therapy if needed, and rest. Animal studies suggest that the administration of certain drugs, including phenothiazine drugs and chloroquine, increase the susceptibility to toxicity from oxygen at high concentrations or pressures. Animal studies also indicate that Vitamin E deficiency may increase susceptibility to oxygen toxicity. Airway obstruction during high oxygen tension may cause alveolar collapse following absorption of the oxygen/ Similarly, occlusion of the eustachian tubes may cause retraction of the eardrum and obstruction of the paranasal sinuses may produce "vacuum-type" headache. Newborn premature infants exposed to high oxygen concentrations may suffer delayed retinal damage, which can progress, to retinal detachment and blindness (retrolental fibroplasia). Retinal damage can also occur in adults exposed to 100% oxygen under greater than atmospheric pressure, particularly in individuals whose retinal circulation has been previously compromised.

5. Fire Fighting Measures					
FLAMMABLE: No. IF YES, UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS?		•	Not applicable.		
FLASH POINT Not applicable. (test method)		ole.	AUTOIGNITION Not applicable. TEMPERATURE		
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR, % by volume:		OWER: Not applicable.	UPPER: Not applicable.		

#### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:**

This mixture cannot catch fire. Use media appropriate for surrounding fire.

#### **SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:**

**WARNING** Evacuate all personnel to a safe distance. Immediately deluge containers with water spray from maximum distance until cool, them move containers away from fire area if without risk.

### **UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:**

Contact with flammable materials may cause fire or explosion. Container may rupture due to heat of fire. Vapours are extremely irritating. Contact may cause burns to skin and eyes. No part of a container should be subjected to a temperature higher than 52 C. Most containers are provided with a pressure relief device designed to vent contents when they are exposed to elevated temperature. Smoking, flames and electric sparks in the presence of enriched oxygen atmospheres are potential explosion hazards.

### **HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:**

None.

### **SENSITIVITY TO IMPACT:**

Avoid impact against container.

### **SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE:**

Not applicable.

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

### STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

WARNING!

Evacuate all personnel to a safe distance. Use self-contained breathing apparatus where needed. Shut off leak if without risk. Ventilate area of leak or move leaking container to well-ventilated area if without risk. Test area, especially confined areas, for sufficient oxygen content prior to permitting re-entry of personnel.

#### **WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:**

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Keep personnel away. Discard any product, residue, disposable container, or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner, in full compliance with federal, provincial, and local regulations. If necessary, call your local supplier for assistance.

### 7. Handling and Storage

# PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN STORAGE:

Store and use with adequate ventilation. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store only where temperature will not exceed 52 C. Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.

#### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING:

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Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Open valve slowly. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier.

For additional information on stroage and handling, refer to Compressed Gas Association (CGA) pamphlet P-1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers, available from the CGA. Refer to section 16 for the address and phone number along with a list of other available publications.

### OTHER HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS OF HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE:

High pressure gas. Use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand pressures to be encountered. Gas can cause rapid suffocation due to oxygen deficiency. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Close valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Prevent reverse flow. Reverse flow into cylinder may cause rupture. Use a check valve or other protective device in any line or piping from the cylinder. Never work on a pressurized system. If there is a leak, close the cylinder valve. Blow the system down in an environmentally safe manner in compliance with all federal, provincial, and local laws, then repair the leak. Never place a compressed gas cylinder where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### **VENTILATION/ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

**LOCAL EXHAUST:** Preferred.

**MECHANICAL** (general): Acceptable.

**SPECIAL:** Not applicable.

**OTHER:** Not applicable.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION:

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Select in accordance with the provincial regulations or guidelines. Selection should also be based on the current CSA standards Z94.4, "Selection, care and use of respirators". Respirators should be approved by NIOSH and MSHA.

**SKIN PROTECTION:** Preferred for cylinder handling.

**EYE PROTECTION:** Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3,

"Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial

regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Metatarsal shoes for cylinder handling. Protective clothing where

needed. Cuffless trousers should be worn outside the shoes. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local

bylaws or guidelines.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

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Product Name: Lung Diffusion Mixtures (with Acetylene) MSDS# E-4863-G

PHYSICAL STATE:	Gas.	FREEZING POINT:	Not available.	pH:	Not available.
BOILING POINT	Not available.	VAPOUR PRESSURE	Not available.	MOLECULAR WEIGHT:	Not available.
SPECIFIC GRAVITY: LIQUID ( Water = 1)	Not available.	SOLUBILITY IN WATER,	Negligible.	'	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY: VAPOUR (air = 1)	1.096	EVAPORATION RATE (Butyl Acetate=1):	Not available.	COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION:	Not available.
VAPOUR DENSITY:	Not available.	% VOLATILES BY VOLUME:	100%	ODOUR THRESHOLD:	Not available.
APPEARANCE & OD	OOUR: Colourless	Odorless at normal ter	mnerature and pressur		

PEARANCE & ODOUR: Colourless. Odorless at normal temperature and pressure.

### 10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY:	The product is stable.	
CONDITIONS OF CHEMICAL INSTABILITY:	See Section 7.	
INCOMPATIBILITY (materials to avoid):	Flammable materials, especially oils and greases.	
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	None.	
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	Will not occur.	
CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY:	None currently known.	

# 11. Toxicological Information

See section 3.

TADILITY

# 12. Ecological Information

No adverse ecological effects expected. This product does not contain any Class I or Class II ozone-depleting chemicals. The components of this mixture are not listed as marine pollutants by TDG Regulations.

# 13. Disposal Considerations

**WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:** 

Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return cylinder to supplier.

UN1956

# 14. Transport Information

TDG/IMO SHIPPING NAME:

Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen)

**HAZARD** CLASS 2.2: Non-Flammable, CLASS: non-corrosive and non-toxic gas #:

**IDENTIFICATION** 

**PRODUCT RQ:** 

Any accidental release in a quantity that could pose a danger to public safety or any sustained release of 10 minutes or more

**SHIPPING LABEL(s):** 

Non-flammable, non-corrosive and non-toxic gas

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PLACARD (when

Non-flammable, non-corrosive and non-toxic gas

required):

### SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION:

Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well-ventilated vehicle. Cylinders transported in an enclosed, non-ventilated compartment of a vehicle can present serious safety hazards.

### 15. Regulatory Information

The following selected regulatory requirements may apply to this product. Not all such requirements are identified. Users of this product are solely responsible for compliance with all applicable federal, provincial, and local regulations.

DSL (Canada) This product is on the DSL list WHMIS (Canada) CLASS A: Compressed gas.

**International Regulations** 

**EINECS** Not available.

**DSCL** (**EEC**) R8- Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

**International Lists** No products were found.

### 16. Other Information

#### **MIXTURES:**

When two or more gases, or liquefied gases are mixed, their hazardous properties may combine to create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an Industrial Hygienist, or other trained person when you make your safety evaluation of the end product. Remember, gases and liquids have properties which can cause serious injury or death.

### **HAZARD RATING SYSTEM:**

#### **HMIS RATINGS:**

HEALTH 0

FLAMMABILITY 0
PHYSICAL HAZARD 2

\*An Asterisk used in conjuction whith HMIS health hazards ratings designates a carcinogenic or reproductive hazard.

# STANDARD VALVE CONNECTIONS FOR U.S. AND CANADA:

THREADED: Not available.

PIN-INDEXED YOKE: Not applicable.

ULTRA-HIGH-INTEGRITY Not applicable.

**CONNECTION:** 

Use the proper CGA connections. **DO NOT USE ADAPTERS.** Additional limited-standard connections may apply. See CGA pamphlets V-1 and V-7 listed below.

Ask your supplier about free Praxair safety literature as referred to in this MSDS and on the label for this product. Further information about this product can be found in the following pamphlets published by the Compressed Gas Association, Inc. (CGA), 4221 Walney Road, 5th Floor, Chantilly, VA 20151-2923, Telephone (703) 788-2700, Fax (703) 961-1831, website: www.cganet.com.

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- AV-1 Safe Handling and Storage of Compressed Gas
- P-1 Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers
- V-1 Compressed Gas Cylinder Valve Inlet and Outlet Connections
- V-7 Standard Method of Determining Cylinder Valve Outlet Connections for Industrial Gas Mixtures
- --- Handbook of Compressed Gases, Forth Edition

For more indepth information for each component, refer to the pure product MSDS.

The information contained in this MSDS is generated from technical sources using the Chemmate Mixture MSDS system and the pure-product MSDS for each component. These mixtures are not tested as a whole for chemical, physical, or health effects.

### PREPARATION INFORMATION:

**DATE:** October 15, 2013

**DEPARTMENT:** Safety and Environmental Services

**TELEPHONE:** 905-803-1600

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair Canada Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use of the product are not within the control of Praxair Canada Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Praxair Canada Inc. requests the users of this product to study this Material Data Sheet (MSDS) and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify its employees, agents and contractors of the information on this MSDS and any product hazards and safety nformation, (2) furnish this same information to each of its customers for the product, and (3) request such customers to notify their employees and customers for the product of the same product hazards and safety information.

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