

Winsield Washer -40℃ Laurentide

1. Product and company identification

Product name	: Winsield Washer -40°C Laurentide
Manufactured/supplied	: Societe Laurentide 9355,Henri-Bourassa-Est Qc,Montréal H1E 1P4
Trade name	: Windshield Washer
Code	: 996-140
Validation date	: 2010-11-24.
Validated by:	: Whims Departement
In case of Emergency	: CANUTEC (613) 996-6666
Product type	: Liquid.

2. Hazards identification

Physical state	: Liquid.
Odor	: Alcohol-like.
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Emergency overview	: DANGER!
	FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.
Precautions	: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Routes of entry	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effect	t <u>s</u>
Inhalation	: Toxic by inhalation.
Ingestion	: Very toxic if swallowed.
Skin	: Slightly irritating to the skin.
Eyes	: Irritating to eyes.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Chronic effects	: Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Target organs	: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>ioms</u>
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness

2. Hazards identification

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: Adverse symptoms may include the following:	
pain or irritation	
watering	
redness	

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

aggravated by overexposure

Medical conditions

See toxicological information (section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Canada</u>

Name	CAS number	%
Methanol	67-56-1	30-60

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid mea	sures
Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Skin contact	: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately. If potentially dangerous quantities of this material have been swallowed, call a physician immediately.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Notes to physician	: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product
 Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
 Extinguishing media
 Suitable
 Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
 Do not use water jet.
 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.



5. Fire-fighting measures

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Hazardous thermal decomposition products	 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 28℃ (82,4年) [Setaflash.]
Flammable limits	: Lower: 6% Upper: 36%
Auto-ignition temperature	: 385°C (725°F)

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods for cleaning up		
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.



7. Handling and storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Occupational exposure limit	l exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)			STEL (15 mins)			g		
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
	US ACGIH 1/2008 AB 6/2008 BC 6/2008 ON 6/2008 QC 6/2008	200 200 200 200 200	262 262 - 260 262	- - -	250 250 250 250 250 250	328 328 - 325 328	- - -		- - - -	- - -	[1] [1] [1] [1] [1]

[1]Absorbed through skin.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
Engineering measures	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Personal protection	
Respiratory	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Hands	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Eyes	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
Skin	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.



Storage

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (Physical state)	: Liquid.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 28°C (82,4°F) [Setaflash.]
Auto-ignition temperature	: 385°C (725°F)
Flammable limits	: Lower: 6% Upper: 36%
Color	: Blue.
Odor	: Alcohol-like.
рН	: 8 to 9
Boiling/condensation point	: Not available.
Melting/freezing point	: -40℃ (-40 ℃)
Relative density	: 0,93 to 0,95
Vapor density	: <1,1 [Air = 1]
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
VOC content	: 366,4 g/l

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Chronic toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Irritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
<u>Sensitizer</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Teratogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Reproductive toxicity				



11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12. Ecological information

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ecotoxicity Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Methanol	Acute LC50 2500000 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3289 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - 0,2 to 0,5 g	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		

Persistence/degradability Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

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Waste disposal
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: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	1987	Alcohols,N.O.S (Methanol) (Methanol)	3	111		Remarks For containers of 450L or less,EXEMPT from transport of dangerous goods by road according to exemption of article 1.36b
IMDG Class	1987	Alcohols,N.O.S (Methanol) (Methanol)	3	111		-
IATA-DGR Class	1987	Alcohols,N.O.S (Methanol) (Methanol)	3	111		-



14. Transport information

PG* : Packing group

15. Regulatory information

<u>Canada</u>

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-2: Flammable liquid

Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).



Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI

The following components are listed: Methanol

CEPA Toxic substances None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

16. Other information

Label requirements	INHALED. CAUSES EYE IRRIT	DR. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF ATION. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS FARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	:	
	Health	2
	Flammability	3
	Physical hazards	0

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The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

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National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Winsield Washer -40°C Laurentide

16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Date of issue	: 2010-11-24.
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.
Version	: 0.07

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

